In the Claims

Applicants have submitted a new complete claim set showing marked up claims with insertions indicated by underlining and deletions indicated by strikeouts and/or double bracketing.

Please amend pending claims 1-6 and 8 as noted below.

1. (Currently amended) An optical proximity spatial transmission system for transmitting information data optically through a local space, the system comprising:

a first communication device having <u>at least one of</u> a <u>first</u> light emitter <u>and/</u>or <u>a</u> <u>first</u> photodetector installed thereon;

a second communication device having installed thereon at least one of a second photodetector which detects light from the <u>first</u> light emitter of the <u>first</u> communication device and/or a <u>second</u> light emitter which emits light toward the <u>first</u> photodetector of the <u>first</u> communication device; and

an anti-scattering lens disposed <u>either</u> behind the <u>first or second</u> light emitter and/or in front of the <u>first or second</u> photodetector of the <u>first communication device</u> and/or second communication device; and wherein

the first communication device being rotatable around the <u>an</u> axis thereof aligned with the <u>an</u> optical axis of <u>at least one of</u> light outgoing from the <u>first</u> light emitter and/or light incident upon the <u>first</u> photodetector while the second communication device with the photodetector and/or light emitter is fixed on the optical axis.

2. (Currently amended) The optical proximity spatial transmission system as set forth in claim 1, wherein the a spot diameter[[,]] of light emitted from one of the first or second light emitter toward one of the first or second photodetector[[,]] at the one of the first or second light emitter is larger than the an oscillation in the a direction of an off-

axis deviation caused by the rotation.

- 3. (Currently amended) The optical proximity spatial transmission system as set forth in claim 1, wherein the a spot diameter[[,]] of light emitted from one of the first or second light emitter toward one of the first or second photodetector[[,]] at the one of the first or second photodetector.
- 4. (Currently amended) The optical proximity spatial transmission system as set forth in claim 1, wherein the information data is transmitted in a base band domain.
- 5. (Currently amended) The optical proximity spatial transmission system as set forth in claim 1, wherein the a transfer rate of the information data is 200 Mbps or more.
- 6. (Currently amended) The optical proximity spatial transmission system as set forth in claim 1, wherein at least one of the <u>first or second</u> light emitter is a laser diode.
- 7. (Original) The optical proximity spatial transmission system as set forth in claim 1, wherein the first communication device is a rotating-side circuit board installed on a rotating drum of a rotating drum head unit while the second communication device is a stationary-side circuit board connected to a stationary drum of the rotating drum head unit.
- 8. (Currently amended) The optical proximity spatial transmission system as set forth in claim $\frac{7}{1}$, wherein:

at least one of the first light emitter and/or first photodetector on the rotating-side circuit board is connected to at least one of the second photodetector and/or second light emitter on the stationary-side circuit board by an optical fiber; and

an anti-scattering lens is provided between the optical fiber and at least one of the first or second light emitter and/or first or second photodetector on the rotating or stationary-side circuit board and the optical fiber.

9. (Original) The optical proximity spatial transmission system as set forth in claim 7, wherein optical spatial transmission is done in a space for rotation bearing of the rotating drum, formed in the rotating and stationary drums of the rotating drum head unit.